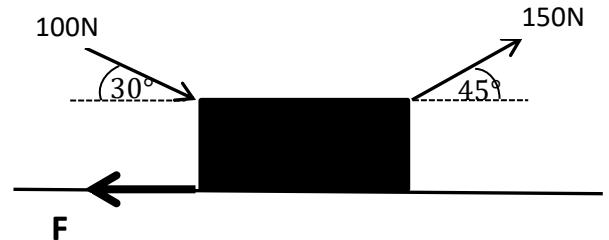


## Summer Assignment Test 3 Version O

1) Find the following integrals

(a)  $\int \sec 3x \tan 3x \, dx$       (b)  $\int \operatorname{cosec} x \cot x \, dx$       (c)  $\int \sec^2 2x \, dx$

2. A box is being pushed and pulled across a rough surface by constant forces as shown in the diagram. The box is moving at a constant speed. By modelling the box as a particle, find the magnitude of the resistance due to friction.



3. A particle P is projected from a point on a horizontal plane with speed  $U$  at angle of elevation  $\theta$ .

a) Find the range of the projectile

b) Hence find, as  $\theta$  varies, the maximum range of the projectile.

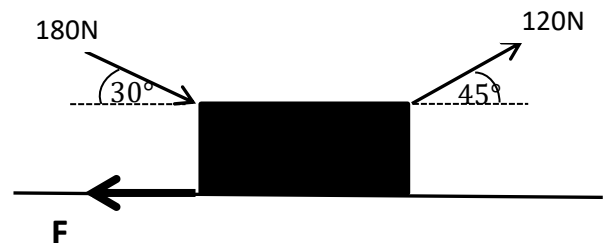
c) Given that the range of the projectile is  $\frac{2U^2}{3g}$ , find the two possible values of  $\theta$

## Summer Assignment Test 3 Version P

1) Find the following integrals

(a)  $\int \sec 5x \tan 5x \, dx$       (b)  $\int \operatorname{cosec} 2x \cot 2x \, dx$       (c)  $\int \sec^2 12x \, dx$

2. A box is being pushed and pulled across a rough surface by constant forces as shown in the diagram. The box is moving at a constant speed. By modelling the box as a particle, find the magnitude of the resistance due to friction.



3. A particle P is projected from a point on a horizontal plane with speed  $2U$  at angle of elevation  $\theta$ .

a) Find the range of the projectile

b) Hence find, as  $\theta$  varies, the maximum range of the projectile.

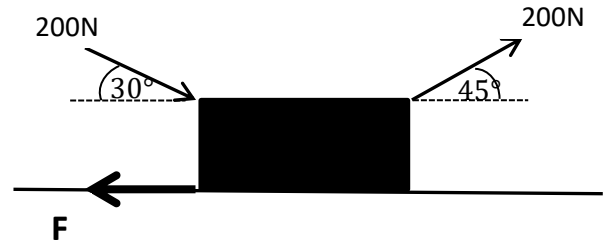
c) Given that the range of the projectile is  $\frac{4U^2}{3g}$ , find the two possible values of  $\theta$

## Summer Assignment Test 3 Version Q

1) Find the following integrals

(a)  $\int \sec 7x \tan 7x \, dx$       (b)  $\int \operatorname{cosec} 6x \cot 6x \, dx$       (c)  $\int \sec^2 22x \, dx$

2. A box is being pushed and pulled across a rough surface by constant forces as shown in the diagram. The box is moving at a constant speed. By modelling the box as a particle, find the magnitude of the resistance due to friction.



3. A particle P is projected from a point on a horizontal plane with speed  $3U$  at angle of elevation  $\theta$ .

a) Find the range of the projectile

b) Hence find, as  $\theta$  varies, the maximum range of the projectile.

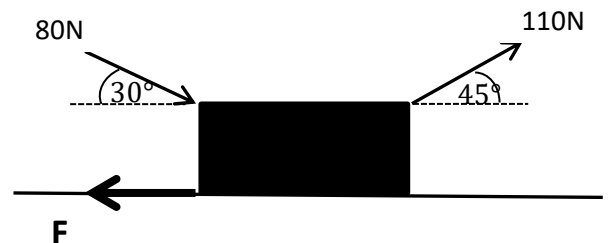
c) Given that the range of the projectile is  $\frac{3U^2}{g}$ , find the two possible values of  $\theta$

## Summer Assignment Test 3 Version R

1) Find the following integrals

(a)  $\int \sec ax \tan ax \, dx$       (b)  $\int \operatorname{cosec} px \cot px \, dx$       (c)  $\int \sec^2 x \, dx$

2. A box is being pushed and pulled across a rough surface by constant forces as shown in the diagram. The box is moving at a constant speed. By modelling the box as a particle, find the magnitude of the resistance due to friction.



3. A particle P is projected from a point on a horizontal plane with speed  $4U$  at angle of elevation  $\theta$ .

a) Find the range of the projectile

b) Hence find, as  $\theta$  varies, the maximum range of the projectile.

c) Given that the range of the projectile is  $\frac{8U^2}{3g}$ , find the two possible values of  $\theta$

Answers Version O

- 1a)  $\frac{1}{3} \sec 3x + c$       (b)  $-\operatorname{cosec} x + c$       c)  $\frac{1}{2} \tan 2x + c$   
2)  $25(3\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{3}) = 192.7$   
3) a)  $\frac{U^2 \sin 2\theta}{g}$       b)  $\frac{U^2}{g}$       c)  $20.9^\circ, 69.1^\circ$

Answers Version P

- 1a)  $\frac{1}{5} \sec 5x + c$       b)  $-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{cosec} 2x + c$       c)  $\frac{1}{12} \tan 12x + c$   
2)  $30(2\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{3}) = 240.7$   
3) a)  $\frac{4U^2 \sin 2\theta}{g}$       b)  $\frac{4U^2}{g}$       c)  $9.74^\circ, 80.3^\circ$

Answers Version Q

- 1a)  $\frac{1}{7} \sec 7x + c$       b)  $-\frac{1}{6} \operatorname{cosec} 6x + c$       c)  $\frac{1}{22} \tan 22x + c$   
2)  $100(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}) = 314.6$   
3) a)  $\frac{9U^2 \sin 2\theta}{g}$       b)  $\frac{9U^2}{g}$       c)  $9.74^\circ, 80.3^\circ$

Answers Version R

- 1a)  $\frac{1}{a} \sec ax + c$       b)  $-\frac{1}{p} \operatorname{cosec} px + c$       c)  $\tan x + c$   
2)  $5(11\sqrt{2} + 8\sqrt{3}) = 147.1$   
3) a)  $\frac{16U^2 \sin 2\theta}{g}$       b)  $\frac{16U^2}{g}$       c)  $15^\circ, 75^\circ$