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Pearson Edexcel Centre Number Candidate Number

Level 3 GCE

Mathematics

Advanced

Paper 1: Pure Mathematics 1

Wednesday 6 June 2018 – Morning Time: 2 hours	Paper Reference 9MA0/01
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You must have: Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables, calculator	Total Marks
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Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 14 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end

Turn over ►

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4. The curve with equation $y = 2\ln(8 - x)$ meets the line $y = x$ at a single point, $x = \alpha$.

(a) Show that $3 < \alpha < 4$

(2)

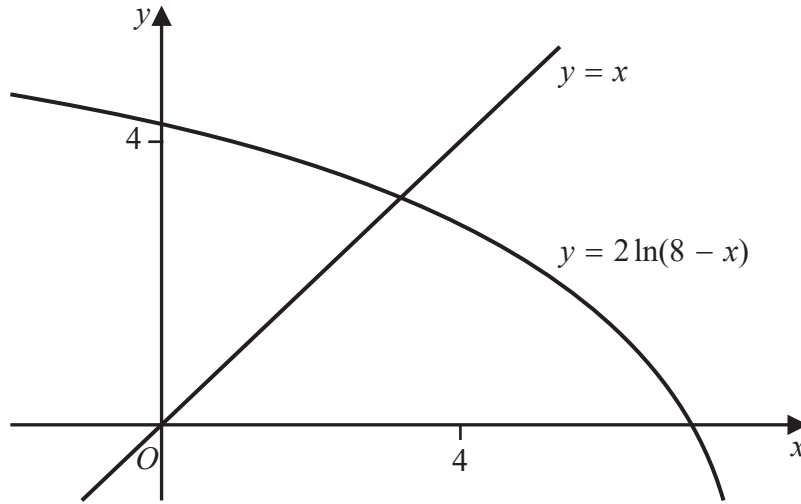


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows the graph of $y = 2\ln(8 - x)$ and the graph of $y = x$.

A student uses the iteration formula

$$x_{n+1} = 2\ln(8 - x_n), \quad n \in \mathbb{N}$$

in an attempt to find an approximation for α .

Using the graph and starting with $x_1 = 4$

(b) determine whether or not this iteration formula can be used to find an approximation for α , justifying your answer.

(2)

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Question 4 continued

Lined writing area for the answer to Question 4.

(Total for Question 4 is 4 marks)

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5. Given that

$$y = \frac{3 \sin \theta}{2 \sin \theta + 2 \cos \theta} \quad -\frac{\pi}{4} < \theta < \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

show that

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = \frac{A}{1 + \sin 2\theta} \quad -\frac{\pi}{4} < \theta < \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

where A is a rational constant to be found.

(5)

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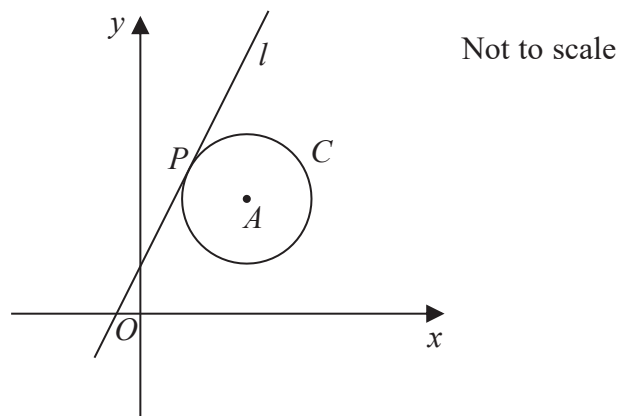


Figure 3

The circle C has centre A with coordinates $(7, 5)$.

The line l , with equation $y = 2x + 1$, is the tangent to C at the point P , as shown in Figure 3.

(a) Show that an equation of the line PA is $2y + x = 17$ (3)

(b) Find an equation for C . (4)

The line with equation $y = 2x + k$, $k \neq 1$ is also a tangent to C .

(c) Find the value of the constant k . (3)

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Question 6 continued

Lined writing area for the answer to Question 6.

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7. Given that $k \in \mathbb{Z}^+$

(a) show that $\int_k^{3k} \frac{2}{(3x - k)} dx$ is independent of k , (4)

(b) show that $\int_k^{2k} \frac{2}{(2x - k)^2} dx$ is inversely proportional to k . (3)

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Question 7 continued

Lined area for student response.

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Question 7 continued

Handwriting practice area consisting of 28 horizontal lines.

(Total for Question 7 is 7 marks)

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Question 8 continued

Lined writing area for the answer to Question 8.

(Total for Question 8 is 5 marks)

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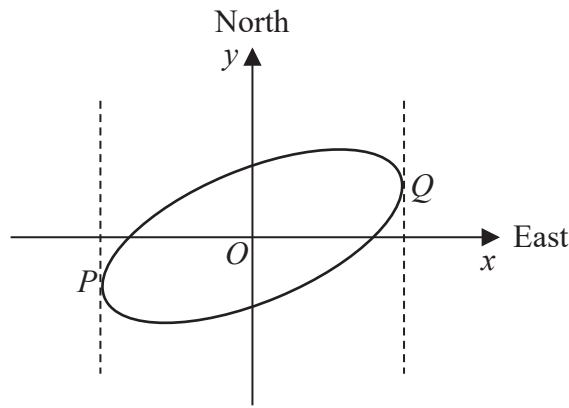


Figure 4

Figure 4 shows a sketch of the curve with equation $x^2 - 2xy + 3y^2 = 50$

(a) Show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y-x}{3y-x}$ (4)

The curve is used to model the shape of a cycle track with both x and y measured in km.

The points P and Q represent points that are furthest west and furthest east of the origin O , as shown in Figure 4.

Using part (a),

(b) find the exact coordinates of the point P . (5)

(c) Explain briefly how to find the coordinates of the point that is furthest north of the origin O . (You **do not** need to carry out this calculation). (1)

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10. The height above ground, H metres, of a passenger on a roller coaster can be modelled by the differential equation

$$\frac{dH}{dt} = \frac{H \cos(0.25t)}{40}$$

where t is the time, in seconds, from the start of the ride.

Given that the passenger is 5 m above the ground at the start of the ride,

(a) show that $H = 5e^{0.1 \sin(0.25t)}$ (5)

(b) State the maximum height of the passenger above the ground. (1)

The passenger reaches the maximum height, for the second time, T seconds after the start of the ride.

(c) Find the value of T . (2)

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Question 10 continued

Lined writing area for Question 10.

(Total for Question 10 is 8 marks)

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Question 11 continued

Lined writing area for the answer to Question 11.

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12. The value, £ V , of a vintage car t years after it was first valued on 1st January 2001, is modelled by the equation

$$V = Ap^t \quad \text{where } A \text{ and } p \text{ are constants}$$

Given that the value of the car was £32 000 on 1st January 2005 and £50 000 on 1st January 2012

- (a) (i) find p to 4 decimal places,
- (ii) show that A is approximately 24 800 (4)

- (b) With reference to the model, interpret
 - (i) the value of the constant A ,
 - (ii) the value of the constant p . (2)

Using the model,

- (c) find the year during which the value of the car first exceeds £100 000 (4)

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Question 12 continued

Lined writing area for the answer to Question 12.

(Total for Question 12 is 10 marks)

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13. Show that

$$\int_0^2 2x\sqrt{x+2} dx = \frac{32}{15}(2+\sqrt{2})$$

(7)

Lined area for student solution.

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Question 13 continued

Lined writing area for the answer to Question 13.

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Question 13 continued

Lined writing area for the answer to Question 13.

(Total for Question 13 is 7 marks)

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14. A curve C has parametric equations

$$x = 3 + 2 \sin t, \quad y = 4 + 2 \cos 2t, \quad 0 \leq t < 2\pi$$

(a) Show that all points on C satisfy $y = 6 - (x - 3)^2$ (2)

(b) (i) Sketch the curve C .

(ii) Explain briefly why C does not include all points of $y = 6 - (x - 3)^2, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$ (3)

The line with equation $x + y = k$, where k is a constant, intersects C at two distinct points.

(c) State the range of values of k , writing your answer in set notation. (5)

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Question 14 continued

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