Inequalities

- Give your answers in set notation.
 - a Solve the inequality 3x 8 > x + 13. (2 marks)
 - **b** Solve the inequality $x^2 5x 14 > 0$. (4 marks)
- 2 Find the set of values of x for which (x-1)(x-4) < 2(x-4). (6 marks)
- a Use algebra to solve (x-1)(x+2) = 18. (2 marks)
 - **b** Hence, or otherwise, find the set of values of x for which (x-1)(x+2) > 18. Give your answer in set notation. (2 marks)
- 4 Find the set of values of x for which:
 - **a** 6x 7 < 2x + 3 (2 marks)
 - **b** $2x^2 11x + 5 < 0$ (4 marks)
 - $c = 5 < \frac{20}{x}$ (4 marks)
 - **d** both 6x 7 < 2x + 3 and $2x^2 11x + 5 < 0$. (2 marks)
- Find the set of values of x that satisfy $\frac{8}{x^2} + 1 \le \frac{9}{x}$, $x \ne 0$ (5 marks)
- Find the values of k for which $kx^2 + 8x + 5 = 0$ has real roots. (3 marks)
- The equation $2x^2 + 4kx 5k = 0$, where k is a constant, has no real roots. Prove that k satisfies the inequality $-\frac{5}{2} < k < 0$. (3 marks)
- a Sketch the graphs of $y = f(x) = x^2 + 2x 15$ and g(x) = 6 2x on the same axes. (4 marks)
 - b Find the coordinates of any points of intersection. (3 marks)
 - c Write down the set of values of x for which f(x) > g(x). (1 mark)
- 9 Find the set of values of x for which the curve with equation y = 2x² + 3x 15 is below the line with equation y = 8 + 2x. (5 marks)
- 10 On a coordinate grid, shade the region that satisfies the inequalities:

$$y > x^2 + 4x - 12$$
 and $y < 4 - x^2$. (5 marks)

11 a On a coordinate grid, shade the region that satisfies the inequalities

$$y + x < 6, y < 2x + 9, y > 3 \text{ and } x > 0.$$
 (6 marks)

b Work out the area of the shaded region. (2 marks)