

**E/P** 6  $f(x) = \frac{6 + 3x - x^2}{x^3 + 2x^2}, x > 0$

**a** Express  $f(x)$  in partial fractions. **(4 marks)**

**b** Hence find the exact value of  $\int_2^4 \frac{6 + 3x - x^2}{x^3 + 2x^2} dx$ , writing your answer in the form  $a + \ln b$ ,

where  $a$  and  $b$  are rational numbers to be found. **(5 marks)**

**E/P** 7  $\frac{32x^2 + 4}{(4x + 1)(4x - 1)} \equiv A + \frac{B}{4x + 1} + \frac{C}{4x - 1}$

**a** Find the value of the constants  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $C$ . **(4 marks)**

**b** Hence find the exact value of  $\int_1^2 \frac{32x^2 + 4}{(4x + 1)(4x - 1)} dx$  writing your answer in the form

$2 + k \ln m$ , giving the values of the rational constants  $k$  and  $m$ . **(5 marks)**

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{z}{z^2} = w \cdot \frac{z}{z} = y \quad \mathbf{q} \\ \text{so } z = yw \text{ and } z = yw \text{ so } \frac{1-x^2}{z} + \frac{1+x^2}{z} - z = (x) \quad \mathbf{u} \quad \mathbf{z} \\ \frac{z}{z} = q \cdot \frac{z}{z} = v \quad \mathbf{q} \quad \frac{z+x}{1} - \frac{z-x}{z} = (x) \quad \mathbf{u} \quad \mathbf{q} \end{aligned}$$