

- 1 a Using the same scales and the same axes, sketch the graphs of $y = |2x|$ and $y = |x - a|$, where $a > 0$.
- b Write down the coordinates of the points where the graph of $y = |x - a|$ meets the axes.
- c Show that the point with coordinates $(-a, 2a)$ lies on both graphs.
- d Find the coordinates, in terms of a , of a second point which lies on both graphs. **E**

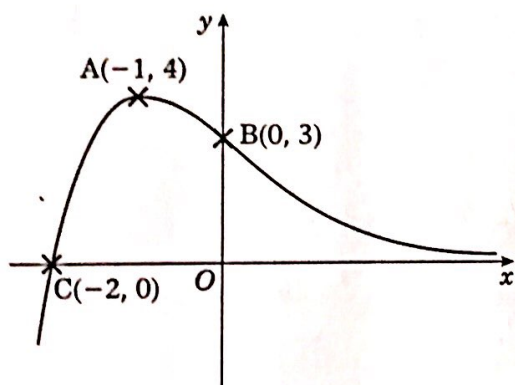
- 2 a Sketch, on a single diagram, the graphs of $y = a^2 - x^2$ and $y = |x + a|$, where a is a constant and $a > 1$.
- b Write down the coordinates of the points where the graph of $y = a^2 - x^2$ cuts the coordinate axes.
- c Given that the two graphs intersect at $x = 4$, calculate the value of a . **E**

3 Differentiate with respect to x :

a $\ln x^2$

b $x^2 \sin 3x$

- 4 The diagram shows a sketch of the graph of $y = f(x)$. The curve has a maximum at the point $A(-1, 4)$ and crosses the axes at the points $B(0, 3)$ and $C(-2, 0)$.



Sketch the graph of:

a $y = 3f(x - 2)$

b $y = \frac{1}{2}f(\frac{1}{2}x)$

c $y = -f(x) + 4$

d $y = -2f(x + 1)$

For each graph, find, where possible, the coordinates of the maximum or minimum and the coordinates of the intersection points with the axes.

5 Given that

$$f(x) = 3 - \frac{x^2}{4} + \ln \frac{x}{2}, \quad x > 0$$

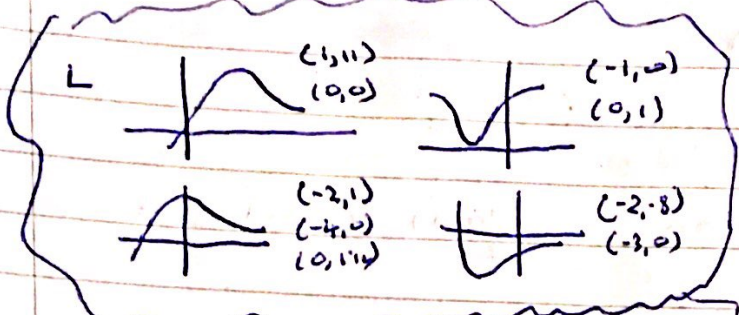
find $f'(x)$.

6 Given that $x = y^2 \ln y$, $y > 0$,

a find $\frac{dx}{dy}$

b use your answer to part a to find in terms of e , the value of $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at $y = e$.

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2-5-3-1-4-6-3



L $y = 2x + 4$

E a $\frac{2}{x}$ b $3x^2 \cos 3x + 2x \sin 3x$

G a) $y + 2y \ln y$
b) $\frac{3}{e}$

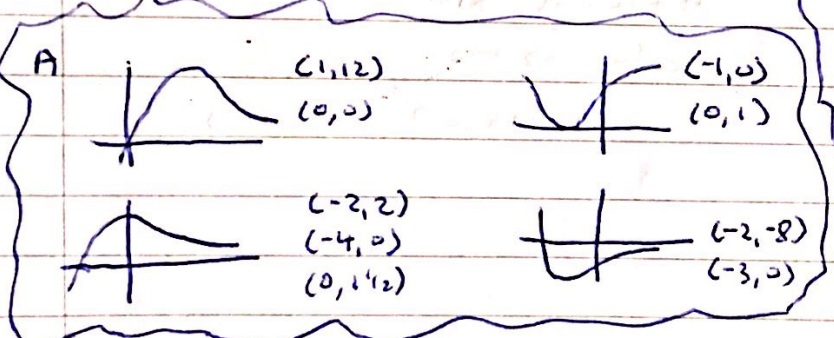
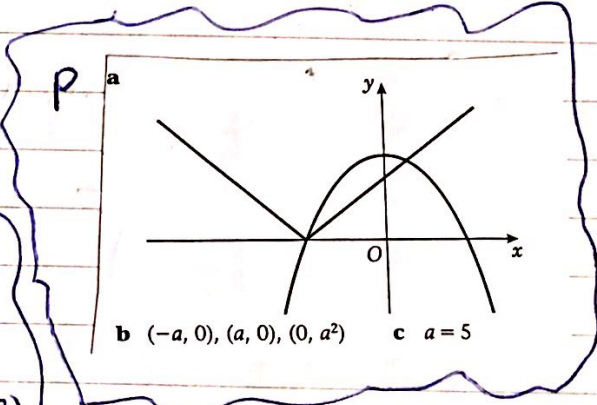
R $f'(x) = -\frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{x}$

K $f'(x) = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{x}$

P a $y + 2y \ln y$ b $\frac{1}{3e}$

C $|x|$

T $y = 2x + 1$



Y a) $\frac{2}{x}$ b) $3x^2 \cos 3x + 2x \sin 3x$

