

TRIG IDENTITIES | CHAIN RULE | PRODUCT RULE

	A	B	C
1	$2\sin\theta\cos\theta$ $1 + \tan^2 x$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{7-x}}$ $x = 3y^2 - 2y$ $x = 8, y = 2, \frac{dy}{dx} = ?$	$\cos x$ $\sin 2\theta$
2	$52$ $y = 3x(2x+1)^{1/2}$ $x = 4, y = 36, \frac{dy}{dx} = ?$	$\sec\theta$ $\sec^2 x \cos^2 x + \cot x \operatorname{cosec} x \sin^2 x$	$300$ $\cot x = \sqrt{3}$ $180 < x < 360$
3	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 6(3x^2+2)(x^3+2x)^5$ $y = \frac{(5x^4+1)^6}{320}$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 340x^3(5x^4+1)^6$ $y = (x^3+2x)^6$	$30$ $\sec x = 2$ $180 < x < 360$
4	$\sin\theta$ $\cos\theta + \sin\theta \tan\theta$	$\cos\theta$ $-\tan\theta \cot\theta$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3\sin x + 3\sec x \cos x$ $y = 4\sin 2x$
5	$1$ $y = \sin^2 x$	$\sec^2 x$ $y = (2x^2+5)^2$	$\frac{16}{3}$ $y = x^2(3x-1)^3$ $x = 1, y = 8, \frac{dy}{dx} = ?$
6	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2\sin x \cos x$ $y = \sqrt{7-x}$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 8\cos 2x$ $2 + \cot^2 x - \operatorname{cosec}^2 x$	$-1$ $\tan 2\theta \operatorname{cosec} 2\theta$
7	$\sec 2\theta$ $\cos\theta \sin^2\theta (\cot\theta + \tan\theta)$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2(5x^4+1)^{15}$ $\sin\theta \cot\theta$	$210$ $y = (5x^4+1)^{17}$
8	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 8x(2x^2+5)$ $y = 3x \sin x$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{10}$ $x = y^{1/2} + y^{-1/2}$ $x = \frac{5}{2}, y = 4, \frac{dy}{dx} = ?$	$13$ $\sin x = 0.5$ $0 \leq x \leq 90^\circ$

# Answers

A1	C	$1 + \tan^2 x$	$\sec^2 x$	<del>1</del>	B5
B5	O	$y = (2x^2 + 5)^2$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 8x(2x^2 + 5)$		A8
A8	NS	$y = 3x \sin x$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3 \sin x + 3x \cos x$		C4
C4	T	$y = 4 \sin 2x$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 8 \cos 2x$		B6
B6	A	$2 + \cot^2 x - \operatorname{cosec}^2 x$	1		A5
A5	N	$y = \sin^2 x$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2 \sin x \cos x$		A6
A6	TD	$y = \sqrt{7-x}$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{2}(7-x)^{-1/2}$		B1
B1	R	$x = 3y^2 - 2y$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{10}$		B8
B8	I	$x = y^{1/2} + y^{-1/2}$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 16/3$		C5
C5	PP	$y = x^2(3x-1)^5$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 5x^2$		A2
A2	I	$y = 3x(2x+1)^{1/2}$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 13$		C8
C8	N	$\sin x = 0.5$	30		C3
C3	GH	$\sec x = 2$	300		C2
C2	OL	$\cot x = \sqrt{3}$	210		C7
C7	L	$y = (5x^4 + 1)^{17}$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 340(5x^4 + 1)^{16} x^3$		B3
B3	O	$y = (x^3 + 2x)^6$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = 6(3x^2 + 2)(x^3 + 2x)^5$		A3
A3	W	$y = \frac{(5x^4 + 1)^{16}}{320}$	$\frac{dy}{dx} = (5x^4 + 1)^{15} x^3$		B7
B7	S	$\sin \theta \cot \theta$	<del><math>\cos \theta</math></del>		B4
B4	O	$-\tan \theta \cot \theta$	-1		C6
C6	U	$\tan \theta \operatorname{cosec} \theta$	$\sec \theta$		A7
A7	TA	$\cos \theta \sin^2 \theta (\cot \theta + \tan \theta)$	$\sin \theta$		A4
A4	S	$\cos \theta + \sin \theta \tan \theta$	$\sec \theta$		B2
B2	TO	$\sec^2 x \cos^2 x + \cot x \operatorname{cosec} x \sin x$	$\cos x$		C1
C1	NE	$\sin 2\theta$	$2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$		A1